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END RINGWORM THIS EASY WAY
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Regd. No. B 1063

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXI NO. 217 — BOMBAY: MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1943 — Price: 2 Annas

OPTICIANS
By Appointment to H.E. Sir Roger Lumley Governor of Bombay
AWARDED GOLD MEDALS
BALIWALLA & HOMI LTD.
365, HORNBY ROAD, ETC., BOMBAY

ALLIES OCCUPY BRINDISI AND CATANZARO

Eighth Army's 30-Mile Advance

KING EMMANUEL MOVES FROM ROME WITH GOVERNMENT: MORE ITALIAN SHIPS ON WAY TO MALTA

LONDON, September 12.

REUTER'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT AT ALLIED HEADQUARTERS, NORTH AFRICA, CABLES: THE 8TH ARMY MADE A 30-MILE ADVANCE YESTERDAY AND IS NOW 75-MILES FROM THEIR LANDING POINT AT REGGIO. THE GERMANS ARE STILL HUSTLING NORTHWARDS. BRITISH AND CANADIAN TROOPS HAVE FOUND MANY MINES AND DEMOLITIONS WHICH ARE STILL ON AN EXTENSIVE SCALE. THE PRESENT 8TH ARMY LINE RUNS FROM SANTA EUFEMIA ON THE WEST COAST THROUGH CATANZARO TO GUIDO ON THE EAST COAST. THOUGH NEWS FROM THE NAPLES BATTLE AREA IS SCANTY INDICATIONS ARE THAT THINGS ARE GOING ON WELL FOR THE ALLIES.

Allies Occupy Brindisi

An Allied communique, as quoted by the United Nations radio, says that Brindisi town and har bour are under Allied control. The communique also reports that Catanzaro has been occupied.

Reuter's Special Correspondent at Allied Headquarters, North Africa: Brindisi was occupied by part of the force landed at Taranto.

British troops that landed at Taranto after occupying the town fanned out to the north and east. The force which pushed northward is in contact with the first German parachute division. The force which moved to the east occupied Brindisi

NAPLES AREA BOMBED

To-day's North African Air 'communique' as given by Algiers United Nations Radio says:

"During the night of September 10-11 motor transport in the Corleto and Auletta area was attacked by medium and light bombers of the north-west African air force."

"Yesterday heavy bombers attacked the railway yards at Ieapkopebento and medium bombers attacked road junctions again in the Naples area. Fighters flew a large number of sorties against considerable enemy opposition over the Salerno area. Nine enemy fighters were destroyed. Fighter bombers again destroyed a large number of enemy motor vehicles. Medium and light bombers escorted by fighters attacked roads and enemy transport at many points behind the southern battle area. Patrols and reconnaissance planes and coastal aircraft destroyed three flying-boats.

Last night the airfield at Frosinone, on the outskirts of Rome, was bombed by night bombers. A total of 16 enemy aircraft were destroyed during the period. Seven of our aircraft are missing."

BADOGLIO'S CALL TO ITALIANS

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—A proclamation to the Italian people from Marshal Badoglio was heard on an unidentified radio station on Saturday night.

Marshal Badoglio recalled his orders to the Italian armed forces not to oppose Allied troops, but to resist attacks "from any other quarter."

The broadcast also included a proclamation from the Italian King, saying that he had moved from Rome with the Government and High Military authorities "to another point of national territory."

Marshal Badoglio's proclamation added: "The moment is verr grave, and only virile decisions can save Italy." "German armed forces immediately after the armistice," it said, "have by violence occupied towns and ports and have been carrying out acts of aggression against us on land, on sea and in the air."

RY. YARDS & 'DROMES ATTACKED

"On the night of September 10-11, Liberators and Halifaxes of the R.A.F. bombed road junctions at Potenza in southern Italy. Bursts were seen on the target and fires were started. Hits were also scored on railway yards near the targets. During Saturday, Beaufighters attacked the aerodrome of Marizza on the island of Rhodes. Wellingtons bombed the aerodrome at Calatto, also on Rhodes on the night of 11-12. Bombs fell in the dispersal area of the aerodrome, causing many fires. From these and other operations all our aircraft returned safely."

KESSELRING PROCLAIMS MARTIAL LAW

LONDON.—The German-controlled Italian Radio said on Sunday that Field-Marshal Albert Kesselring, the German Commander-in-Chief in Southern Italy, has proclaimed martial law in Italian territory, under his jurisdiction. The proclamation declares that strikes are forbidden and organisers of strikes and saboteurs will be summarily tried and shot. Private correspondence is forbidden until further orders.

ITALIAN WARSHIPS IN BALEARIC PORTS

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Seven Italian warships which put into Balearic ports on their way to Gibraltar have been given 24 hours to leave the island harbours by the Spanish authorities, according to reports from Palma. The ships which landed wounded and survivors from the battleship "Roma" may request extension of time for necessary repairs or submit to internment.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—The United Nations Radio Algiers said to-day that at least 14 Italian submarines have been accounted for, but some are still at sea.

Salerno Captured

To-day's North Africa land and Air "Communique" as given by the Algiers United Nations Radio says "The Fifth Army continued to establish itself on the Italian mainland beating off several German counter-attacks. The port of Salerno has been captured and steady progress inland is being made.

The Eighth Army maintained their rate of advance. British forces continued their occupation of Taranto. —Reuter.

3 MORE DESTROYERS REACH MALTA

Reuter's Special Correspondent at Malta cables: Three more Italian destroyers arrived in Malta on Sunday. The bulk of the Italian fleet is expected to leave Malta shortly. Admiral Sir Andrew Cunningham, who received Italian Naval Commanders when they surrendered, left Malta on Saturday night by air.

14 MORE ITALIAN SHIPS ON WAY TO MALTA

ALGIERS, Sept. 12:—The United Nations radio stated to-night that an Allied naval spokesman has just revealed that 14 more Italian submarines and eight destroyers are on their way to Malta.

BERNE, Sept. 12.—Turin, Alessandria Cuneo and Pinerolo in Piedmont District of North-west Italy are still in Italian hands, according to reports from the Frontier reaching here. All telephone, telegraph and rail communications between northern, central and southern Italy have been interrupted.

STORY OF ITALY'S CAPITULATION

LONDON, Sept. 12:—Marshal Badoglio informed the British Government in the middle of August that he was prepared to join the Allies as soon as they landed in Italy. It was this spontaneous declaration by Marshal Badoglio which led to the conclusion of Armistice. The full story of Italy's capitulation and secret talks which preceded it can now be disclosed, learns Reuter's diplomatic correspondent. It comes from authoritative British sources. Lisbon was the scene of the main act of the drama. The principal actors were the British Ambassador, Sir Ronald H. Campbell, and the Italian General whose name is still being kept a secret. The time was the middle of August. There had, however, been a prologue in the first week of August about a week after the fall of Mussolini. Then British representatives in two neutral countries were approached by Italian diplomatists acting on instructions from the Italian Government. Both explained that the situation in Italy was desperate, and a second Emissary said authoritatively that he had been sent by Marshal Badoglio in order to discuss possible Armistice negotiations. He was informed that the only terms which the Allied governments would accept would be unconditional surrender.

MADRID & LISBON TALKS

In the middle of August, an Italian General travelling to Portugal ostensibly on another mission presented himself with credentials from Marshal Badoglio to the British Ambassador Sir Samuel Hoare at Madrid, and the following day to the British Ambassador at Lisbon, Sir Ronald Campbell. The General said that he had come with full authority from Marshal Badoglio to say that when the Allies landed in Italy the Italian Government were prepared to join them against Germany. This was reported to the British Government who at once informed the United States Government. Gen. Eisenhower and the Soviet Government were also informed.

The British and American Governments considering that this was a serious approach decided to inform the Italian Government through the Italian General of the conditions upon which they would be prepared to cease hostilities against Italy. These were first, that Italy must surrender unconditionally and then accept such terms as the Allies determined to impose. High officers from Gen. Eisenhower's Headquarters proceeded to Lisbon and at a meeting over which the British Ambassador presided and the American Charge d'Affaires attended they informed the Italian General of these conditions.

ALLIED CONDITIONS

The Italian General, who could make no answer without consulting his Government, thereupon returned to Rome bearing the Allied conditions. These conditions were confined to military terms with a final clause stating that other conditions of a political, economic and financial character with which the Italian Government would be bound to comply would be communicated later. The emissary was told that it was for the Italians by their behaviour to influence the Allies in applying the terms. Much would depend on how far the Italian Government and the people in fact aided the United Nations against Germany during the remainder of the war. The Italian Government must undertake to proclaim Armistice immediately it was announced by Gen. Eisenhower. What the Italian Government was not told was that this moment was to be chosen by Gen. Eisenhower to coincide with landings in Naples area which he had planned.

ANXIETY ABOUT FAILURE

The Italian General left Lisbon but owing to the extreme secrecy of his mission took some time over his return journey. The Italian Government, evidently becoming anxious about his failure to reappear according to schedule, sent a second Italian General—who is also to remain anonymous for the time being—to Lisbon where he arrived at a date which as is now known coincided with the day of the first General's return to Rome.

As evidence of the genuiness of their intentions the Italian Government sent with this second emissary the British General Carton de Wiart, whom they had released from captivity for the purpose. Carton de Wiart who was placed by the Italian Government under no obligation to return to Italy was instructed by the British Government to proceed to Britain where his arrival was kept secret, for fear lest its publication should lead the German Government to guess that approaches to the Allies had been made by the Italian Government.

MESSENGER TO EISENHOWER

The second Italian General who corroborated the messages, brought by his predecessor was sent from Lisbon to Gen. Eisenhower's Headquarters at Algiers. Meanwhile the first Italian General by arrangement arrived in Sicily with the answer of the Italian Government. He was met by Gen. Eisenhower's representatives whom the second Italian General accompanied. The answer was that the Italian Government, had then been a free agent, would have been prepared to do what the Allies wished. They were however under the control of the Germans, and it was therefore impossible for them to announce the Armistice before the main Allied landing in Italy. (As a matter of fact Armistice was proclaimed at 16-30 G.M.T. on the 8th. The Naples landing took place at 03-00).

SECRET METHODS OF COMMUNICATION

The 8th Army had landed in the toe of Italy at 04-30 G.M.T. on September 3—the day on which the armistice was signed. The envoy was told that the Allies were not prepared to vary the arrangement and he returned to Rome in order to consult his Government. The final answer was demanded within 24-hours. The following day a message was received at Gen. Eisenhower's Headquarters by secret methods of communication that the Italian Government accepted and that their representative would return to sign the Armistice. The Armistice was in fact signed in the presence of Gen. Eisenhower and Gen. Alexander by Gen. Bedel Smith who is Gen. Eisenhower's personal Chief of Staff and by Gen. Castellano who is understood to be Marshal Badoglio's Chief of Staff. The date was September 3rd. The Soviet Government and of course the Dominions Governments were kept closely informed of the day-to-day developments in the situation. While the contacts in Lisbon between the British Ambassador and the accredited representative of the Italian Government were proceeding, Count Grandi arrived in that capital. At no time did any Allied authority have any contact or communication with Count Grandi whose journey to the neutral country so far as is known was made solely on his own initiative.—Reuter.

NICOSIA.—One small Italian naval craft crowded with sailors has arrived at Cyprus and surrendered to military authorities.—Reuter.

Terms Of Italian Armistice

Allied C.-in-C. Can Impose Means Of Disarmament

LONDON, Sept. 11.

The terms of the Italian Armistice were announced in London early to-day.

The text said: "Advanced Allied Headquarters, September 11. The following conditions of Military Armistice were signed on September 3 by representatives of General Eisenhower and a representative of Marshal Badoglio:—

(1) Immediate cessation of all hostile activity by the Italian Armed Forces.

(2) Italy will use its best endeavours to deny to the Germans facilities that might be used against the United Nations.

(3) All prisoners or internees of the United Nations immediately to be turned over to the Allied Commander-in-Chief and none of these may now or at any time be evacuated to Germany.

(4) Immediate transfer of the Italian fleet and Italian aircraft to such points as may be designated by the Allied Commander-in-Chief with details of disarmament so prescribed by him.

(5) The Italian merchant-shipping may be requisitioned by the Allied Commander-in-Chief to meet the need of military and naval programme.

(6.) Immediate surrender of Corsica and all Italian territory both of islands and mainland to the Allies for such use as operational bases and other purposes as the Allies may see fit.

(7.) Immediate guarantee of free use by the Allies of all airfields and naval ports in the Italian territory regardless of the rate of evacuation of the Italian territory by the German forces. These ports and fields to be protected by Ietalian armed forces until this function is taken over by the Allies.

(8.) Immediate withdrawal to Italy of the Italian armed forces from all participation in the current war from whatever area wherein they may now be engaged.

(9.) Guarantee by the Italian Government that if necessary they will employ all available armed forces to ensure prompt and exact compliance with all provisions of this Armistice.

"FULL RIGHTS" FOR ALLIED C.-IN-C.

(10.) The Commander-in-Chief of Allied forces reserved to himself the right to take any measure which in his opinion may be necessary for the protection and in the interests of Allied forces in the prosecution of war and the Italian Government binds itself to take such administrative or other measures as the Commander-in-Chief may require and, in particular the Commander-in-Chief will establish Allied Military Government over such points of Italian territory as he may deem necessary in the military interests of the Allies.

(11.) The Commander-in-Chief of Allied forces will have the full right to impose means for disarmament and demilitarization.

(12.) Other conditions with which Italy will be bound to comply will be transmitted at a later date.

(13.) Conditions of the present Armistice will not be made public without the prior approval of the Allied Commander-in-Chief. The English text will be considered the official text"—Reuter.

Emmanuel In Sicily?

LONDON, Sept. 12.—The German Radio said that the Wilhelmstrasse press spokesman Doctor Paul Schmidt told a foreign correspondent in Berlin to-day that he has "reliable information" that King Victor Emmanuel had fled to Sicily with Marshal Badoglio.

He added that Crown Prince Umberto was apparently at the Allied Headquarters in Sicily.

A diplomatic observer stated: "Italian circles consider it almost certain that King Victor Emmanuel will abdicate and Crown Prince Umberto will resign his claim to the Throne.

To-day the Fascists are determined opponents of both the King and the Prince. Their sympathies are concentrated on the Duke of Spoletoh, cousin of King Victor Emmaunel."

JAP WITHDRAWAL FROM SALAMUA

LONDON, Sept. 12.

Allied Headquarters South-West Pacific: Enemy troops are withdrawing from Salamua, says to-day's 'communique.'

The Japanese have abandoned many hundred in dead and quantities of equipment.—Reuter.

Wallace's Attack On U. S. Big Business

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.

The United States Vice-President Mr. Henry A. Wallace today attacked "the evil forces of monopoly", which he said operated behind the screen of isolationism.

Speaking at the Chicago Stadium in support of a Senate resolution which calls upon the United States to take the initiative in the creation of a world organisation to promote peace, he said there was a second war because we failed to realise that "economic democracy will die."

37 Sick-Destitutes Die On Saturday

BENGAL DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INFORMATION SAYS THEY ARE DUE TO NEGLECTED CHRONIC AILMENTS

CULCUTTA, September 12.

One hundred and thirty-two sick-destitutes were admitted to two hospitals in Calcutta yesterday, according to a statement issued by the Director of Public Information, Bengal.

There were 972 sick-destitute persons in five hospitals in Calcutta area yesterday.

Thirty-seven deaths occurred among them and 67 persons were discharged.

The Director adds that death in the majority of these cases was due to chronic ailments and diseases which had been neglected in the past.

41 DEATHS ON SATURDAY

CALCUTTA, Sept. 11.

Forty-one dead bodies were removed for disposal by the Hindu Satkar Samity and the Anjuman Mufidal Islam from different hospitals and police morgue on Saturday.

The first relief kitchen to be conducted by the Mayor's Relief Fund was opened by Mr. Syed Badruddoja, the Mayor, at Goria in the district of 24-Parganas to-day.—United Press.

Metropolitan Wants No Profiteering

SIMLA, September 12.

The Punjab has been generous in sending us wheat and they have every right to expect that it should be distributed at a price not above the price paid in the Punjab plus freight said the Lord Bishop of Calcutta and Metropolitan of India.

The Metropolitan added: "In Calcutta people come from the villages and failure to distribute food among them in Bengal is the real cause of the trouble."

MONEY POURS IN

CALCUTTA: H.E. the Governor of Bengal has received a cheque for one lakh of rupees as a contribution from the U.P. War Committee towards the relief of distress in Bengal. Further donations of Rs. 25,000 from the Central Provinces War Committee, Rs. 15,000 H.E. the Maharaja of Gwalior and a twenty ton wagon of rice from H.H. the Maharaja of Jind have also been received.

PATNA: The "Indian Nation" Bengal Relief Fund has reached a total of Rs. 10,000.

FOODGRAINS POLICY COMMITTEE REPORT SIGNED

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11.

The "United Press" learns that the report of Foodgrains Policy Committee which was constituted to formulate a long-range planning policy was signed to-day. The report has been prepared by Dr. Gregory, the Chairman assisted by Dr. Junio. Secretary and its recommendation and conclusions have been under examination of the Committee since September 6. Such members as present at Delhi including Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas have signed.

It is understood the report will be considered at series of meetings of the Viceroy's Council next week and early action is contemplated thereon.—United Press.

"SAKAL" AID TO STARVING CHILDREN OF BENGAL

POONA, Sept. 11.—The "Daily Sakal" a leading Marathi daily of Poona has started a fund called "The Bengal Relief Fund" with the object of bringing down to Maharashtra about 2,000 starving children from Bengal to feed them and to open free kitchens and to give medical aid in Bengal for the benefit of the distressed if possible. The first batch of about 300 starving children from Bengal is expected to arrive in Maharashtra shortly under this scheme.—A. P.

ADVISER FOR BENGAL TEXTILES VISITS CITY.

BOMBAY, Sept. 12.

Syt. S. C. Roy, One of the leading inqustrialists of Bengal who has been appointed by the Government of Bengal as their Special Adviser for Textiles, recently visited Bombay and discussed with the Textile Director of the Government of India the present textiles situation of Bengal and the present needs of the people and the mill industry of Bengal as regards the manufacture and the distribution of cloth in the province. He left Bombay yesterday evening for Calcutta where he will submit his report to the Government of Bengal.

RED ARMY NEARING PAVLOGRAD

LONON, Sept. 12.

From Reuter's special correspondent in Moscow: While Russians are following up the Germans in the Ukraine and have reached a point 70 miles from Kiev, other German strongholds at Bryansk are in daily danger. After crossing the Desna River, south-west of Bryansk, the Russians can now strike north and surround Bryansk. The Germans in Southern Ukraine continue to fall back everywhere along a wide arc from Kharkov to the Azov Sea. They are being hotly pursued by the Red Army without allowing them time to lay minefields.

Reuter's special correspondent in Moscow cabled later: Advanced Soviet units are now only 15 miles from Pavlograd. Mobile Soviet detachments are everywhere breaking into the German lines sowing complete confusion among the retreating enemy.—Reuter.

German Battalion Wiped Out

A supplement to to-night's Soviet communique reports that in Pavlograd area, Soviet units outflanked the Germans and forced them to retreat in disorder. During the day over 600 Germans were killed. The Russians captured 200 lorries with war material and one large equipment store. On the southern front, the Russians advancing up to 16 kilometres captured over 40 places including one station, where about one thousand railway trucks were seized. In the battle for the railway station of Plaski in the Nezhin direction one German battalion was wiped out. North of Bryansk, Soviet troops captured over 60 localities including Bytev. 700 Germans were killed. South-west of Kharkov in one sector, Soviet forces repelled 14 successive counter-attacks. In killed alone, the Germans lost 600 men. Airmen of the Red Banner Baltic fleet air arm sank one enemy transport of 5,000 tons.—Reuter.

Italian Battleship 'Roma' Sunk

MADRID, Sept. 11.—The Italian battleship sunk by the Germans was "Roma" according to information from Mallorca where 25 wounded sailors from "Roma" have been taken to hospital. —Reuter.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, Sept. 11.
October 20.20, December 20.02, January 19.97, Middling Spot 21.04.
NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, Sept. 11.
October 20.45, December 20.33, January 20.27, Middling Spot 20.20.

BURMA RIPE FOR INVASION

American Air Official Hopes Things Will Be Moving Shortly

NEW DELHI, Sept. 12.

One of the few American Air Force officers in India who have seen uninterrupted service with a combat unit since the start of the war against the Japanese is Col. Cecil E. Combs (31) commanding the Indian Air Task Force during the last three months, who is leaving for the States on a short visit.

"I should like to come back to a place where things are moving" he remarked.

"The time is ripe for an invasion of Burma", he declared "I should like to sell that idea to a lot of people." What matters is to pin the Jap down and lick him."

Allied Air Attacks On Burma

NEW DELHI, Sept. 12.

B-25 medium bombers of the Tenth U. S. Air Force on September 11 attacked the railroad yards at Sagaing Burma, says a communique issued by Rear Echelon Headquarters United States Army Forces. Bombs also were dropped on the railroad siding at Ngapayin, 25 miles north of Monywa.

Yesterday R. A. F. fighters and dive-bombers continued their attacks on enemy transportation and troop positions in western Burma, says to-day's India Command Joint War "communique".

Beaufighters on offensive patrol along the Irrawaddy and the railways south of Prome completely destroyed an oil tank near Padigon and severely damaged two factories, a locomotive and several railway trucks and rivercraft.

In Arakan a formation of Mengeances dive-bombed Japanese army huts about two miles south-west of Buthidaung scoring direct hits.—A. P.

BULGARIAN PREMIER RESIGNS?

LONDON, September 12.—The Paris radio said on Sunday that the Bulgaradio Prime Minister, Bogdan Filov has resigned.—Reuter.

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

BASANTI COTTON MILLS LTD.

With a view to make some contribution to relieve the distress caused by high prices of cloth, and with a sincere offer of their good wishes on the eve of the Pujah, the Directors of Basanti Cotton Mills Ltd. have decided on the following scheme to supply cloth at concession rates to their shareholders:—

(1) For every three ordinary shares held by a shareholder, one pair of *dhoti* 45×10 yards or 45×9 yards will be offered at Rs. 6/5/- or Rs. 6/- per pair respectively.

(2) Delivery of cloth in respect of the shareholders whose names appear on the Company's Register of Shareholders on 1st September, 1943 will commence as from September 15, 1943.

(3) So far as the shares to be allotted in respect of the new issue are concerned, similar concessions will be offered but the terms and conditions of delivery in their case will be announced later.

(4) Notices indicating the pairs of cloth to which each shareholder is entitled and giving other particulars will be posted direct to the shareholders; and the Notices are to be returned duly filled in, together with remittance by currency notes, postal order or bank draft on Calcutta. Remittance by M.O. will not be entertained as it becomes difficult to trace M.O.'s.

(5) The Notices will be valid only up to October 5, 1943.

(6) Mofussil shareholders are requested to take delivery through their friends in Calcutta as the Company may find it difficult, in the present days of extremely difficult transport, to despatch cloth to mofussil shareholders. Attempts will however be made to send a limited number of cloth by postal parcel. These will be sent by V.P.P. for recovering the cost of V.P.P. parcel. The Company does not guarantee to send cloth by V.P.P.

On behalf of the Directors and the Managing Agents of the Company, and on my own behalf, let me offer you our sincerest Pujah greetings.

14, Clive Street, CALCUTTA, B. P. SINGH ROY, *Chairman.*

The 6th September, 1943.

14 CLIVE STREET CALCUTTA — BASANTI COTTON MILLS, LD.

CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu: Bhadarva Shud 14, 1999
Muslim: Ramjan 12, 1362
Parsi: Farvardin 9, 1313
Sunrise: 7-27 a.m., Sunset: 7-42 p.m.
Hightide: 11-18, 23-32, Lowtide: 4-50, 17-29
Corporation Meeting: 2 p.m. (B.T.)

To-day's Engagements

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Special and Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

MAZDAZNAN: To-day (Monday) at Mazdaznan Hall Opp. Churchgate Station at 6-30. A scientific evening.

LADY RAMARAO TO SPEAK: Under the auspices of All-India Women's Conference, Dadar-Matunga Branch, there will be a lecture on "Experiences of Famine in Bijapur District" by Lady Ramarao, to-day (Monday) at 4 p.m. at Dadar Bhagini Samaj, Hindu Colony, Dadar, Bombay.

STUDENTS' MEETING: A meeting of the Students' Unity Committee will be held at the Committee office, 42, Kennedy Bridge, today (Monday) at 6 p.m. (N.S.T.)

INDIA'S ECONOMIC CONDITION: Under the auspices of the Renaissance Association of Bombay, a public lecture will be delivered today (Monday) at Dhuru Hall, Dadar at 9 p.m. by Tarkateerth Laxaman Shastri Joshi, on the "Future Economic Condition in India." Prof. G D. Parekh will preside.

R

Date Extended

In view of the heavy rush of ration card holders to report departures of family members from May 1, 1943 upto now at the Ward Rationing Offices, Government has extended the date to September 15 by which past failures to make the necessary report can be rectified. The date will *not* be further extended.

(Take your ration card with you to the Ward Rationing Office).

Public Relations Officer (Rationing)

FIRST

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ASHOK KUMAR

MUMTAZ SHANTI

ROXY

3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

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NOVELTY

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PRAKASH'S

RAM RAJYA

(HINDI-MARATHI)

Direction:

VIJAY BHATT

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SUPER

DAILY 3 SHOWS:

HINDI: 4-30 and 7-15

MARATHI: 10 p.m.

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KRISHNA

Daily: 5, 7-30 & 10 p.m.

All-India Weather

POONA, Sept. 12.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at eight hours on 8-9-43 :—

Allahabad 94 81 0, Bombay 85 75 0.1, Calcutta 95 81 0, Cawnpore 94 81 o, Cuttack 96 80 0, Madras 88 78 T, Nagpur 93 78 0, Patna 95 63 0, Peshawar 101 80 0, Shillong 76 62 T, Simla 69 60 0.3.—A. P.

"Swaraj is my birth-right and I will have it".

—TILAK.

The Bombay Chronicle

INDIA AND BRITISH LABOUR

The resolution on India, adopted by the Trades Union Congress at Southport, presumably reflects the mind of most British workers but the question is how far it will influence the present British Government. The resolution demands, first, release of political prisoners, secondly, formation of National Government on the free vote of the Indian people and, thirdly, the granting of full Dominion Status to the new Government of India. This is nothing more than the Indian nationalist demand and nothing more than what war exigencies demand. The British workers would not have adopted the resolution if it were not needed in the interests of the war itself. If war tactics require certain reservations in the transfer of power to the Defence Minister they cannot be incapable of being settled by negotiations.

But the trouble is that this view is not shared by the present British Government, including perhaps Labour representatives thereon. And this Government and its many agents have by propaganda of misrepresentation misled many in Britain and America into believing all sorts of untruths about the Congress leaders in jail and the prospects of agreement between Indian parties in forming a National Government. And the true facts as published in India are not allowed to reach Britain or America. If the Trades Union Congress is earnest about its resolution on India, if it believes that a National Government in India is first and foremost a war necessity, it must carry on some vigorous propaganda in support of its views. Its propaganda may not be allowed to reach India. But it can do much in Britain and America. The least the British workers should do to begin with is to demand irresistibly either the release of the Congress leaders or the relaxation of the restrictions on their liberty to enable negotiations with responsible leaders of other parties. Prof. H. J. Laski, a member of the Labour Party National Executive, is reported to have stated in his latest book, "Reflections on the Revolution of Our Times" that "a free India which took its place of its own choice among the United Nations would bring a strength to their cause which nothing can make available, while a Britain which fights for freedom and democracy keeps Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Nehru in jail." But Prof. Laski himself doubts the Party's capacity to give the requisite leadership and severely criticises its "tameness and insularity of outlook." "There is need" he says, "for something like spiritual revolution in the Labour Party itself. It requires to recover its faith and the enthusiasm of its pioneers." We often felt like this when we had to consider the Party's lukewarm attitude towards India.

Gains And Losses

The Germans have, as it were, counter-attacked as swiftly as they could and the speed with which they have done so, suggests that they were not taken altogether by surprise. They have made some undeniable gains, too. They have retaken Rhodes in the Dodecanese which would have been strategically very useful to the Allies in Eastern Mediterranean. They have disarmed the bulk of Italians in the Balkans and to a great extent restored the situation, if only temporarily. In Italy they have established military supremacy precariously in Central Italy and strongly in the North. They have also taken over Rome which is an important political as well as strategic gain although it may presently involve complications with the Papacy. They can now establish a "Fascist" Italian Government—we do hope they have not rescued Mussolini—in order to try and rally Italians again on their side.

But they have lost much more. The King, Marshal Badoglio and members of the Government have escaped to Southern Italy or perhaps Sicily. They can more than counter any puppet Fascist regime and will greatly help, through their influence with the people, Allied operations in Italy. The Germans have lost Corsica and Sardinia, which, as Allied bases, would constitute a grave and imminent threat to Northern Italy and France. They have, of course, lost something like a hundred Italian divisions, involving a critical strain on their own resources and weakening their hold in the Balkans and Italy. Finally, they have lost the Italian fleet so that the Mediterranean is now an "Allied lake" for merchantships and naval operations. The net result of all this is from the point of view of immediate possibilities that, first, they cannot hold Southern and Central Italy for any length of time, in fact, they are already talking indirectly of withdrawing to the North. Secondly, the Balkans and Southern France are threatened sufficiently seriously to demand considerable German reinforcements which they can bring only by weakening western Europe. And, therefore, thirdly, opportunity is now open for Allied invasion or invasions elsewhere.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Italian Fleet Surrenders

The Italian fleet is out of the war. Twenty-two warships, including four battleships, have arrived at Malta. One battleship has been sunk by the Germans themselves, at least one cruiser and six destroyers have taken refuge in the Spanish Balearics while about a dozen others, with many submarines to follow, have surrendered at other Allied ports. The Germans do not appear to have got much more than a number of E-boats and other light vessels. This is certainly a great day in naval history and the greatest in the naval side of the present war. Its consequences are immense, as Admiral Cunningham and General Eisenhower feel. Even though the Italian fleet is not to be used, the Mediterranean is now practically all theirs not only for "logistic" purposes but also for sea borne operations. And, the bulk of Admiral Cunningham's British fleet can now be used against Japan.

The Fuhrer's Desperation

The circumstances were, of course, extraordinarily peculiar; therefore, Hitler's noticeably unusual speech was not unexpected. It is unusual in a number of respects. For instance, he opened his address with the confession that he had, at least often, deluded himself and his people. He also confessed that Mussolini's attack on Greece was gratuitous aggression and since he joined in the attack purely for the purpose of saving Italy, his own was equally a gratuitous and mean treachery. He had to reassure Germans by dwelling on the weakness of Fascist Italy and by confessing his past falsehoods so that he could emphasise the truth of his present confidence in the situation. He went even further. Badoglio's "treachery" has created a serious situation, he is retreating in Russia, he is retreating in Italy and he himself foreshadows further retreats and even "evasions" of some theatres. And yet he solemnly promises a German victory in 1943, that is, the defeat of Britain, America and Russia within the next three months and a half! This patent wildness far out-Hitler's Hitler himself. It is, however, important, the most important, feature or his speech, it is the measure of his speech, it is the measure of his concern about the shock that German morale has received. It is the measure of his present desperation. But what when 1943 ends?

Poor Rations

All food experts will endorse the view expressed by Dr. W. R. Akroyd, Director, Nutrition Research Laboratories, Connoor, that "the rations allowed under schemes at present in operation in India are all low even when compared with customary intake and that the food shortage is likely to have a bad effect on public health, particularly in certain areas." Dr. Akroyd is particularly dissatisfied with the rations for growing children and rightly urges school-feeding schemes aimed at supplementing their diet at home. But if this is done, as he suggests, by laying aside for this purpose a portion of the available supplies, the school-feeding will not be available to children who are not yet old enough to attend school. The best way is to increase the supplies available to all and to popularise knowledge of cheap balanced diets. One of the pamphlets on diet, published by the Government of India, says that growing children need at least eight ounces of pure milk a day. But in the present circumstances millions of children fail to receive even a quarter of that quantity.

1,000 Frontier Prisoners To Be Released

PESHAWAR, September 11.

Frontier Government has decided to release 1,000 out of 1,060 Red Shirt prisoners in batches of fifty daily.

The cases of remaining sixty are under consideration.

Khan Saminjan, Minister of Jails, in a telephone message from Abbottabad states that the first batch of fifty is released from Haripur Jail this evening.

The Minister hopes that all prisoners will be released before the coming Id-ul-Fitar.—A. P.

Release Of Punjab Politicals

SIMLA, Sept. 12.

In pursuance of their policy of reviewing individual cases of political prisoners the Punjab Government have ordered the release of eight politicals this week, 30 being released last week.

These 38 politicals have been released on the recommendations of the authorities of 14 districts.

Further releases are expected shortly when the recommendations of the remaining district authorities are received.—United Press.

PENDSE RELEASED

MIRAJ, Sept. 12: Mr. Vasudeorao Pendse of Belgaum who was detained under the D. I. R. since September 1942, has been released unconditionally from the Thana Jail. The period of the release on parole of Mr. Visubhau Sathe has been extended by one month.—United Press.

Security Demand On "Hamdard"

SHRINAGAR :—A security of Rs. 2,000 has been demanded by the Kashmir Government from the "Hamdard" a vernacular daily of Srinagar, for publishing three articles including one relating to the resignation of Sir Maharaj Singh, former Prime Minister of Kashmir State.—A.P.

PATNA :—Three women were arrested last evening for shouting slogans when a parade was being held in the Bankipur maidan in celebration of the Italian Surrender Day. The women are stated to be Congress workers and had the Tri-colour Flag in their hands when arrested.—A.P.

RATNAGIRI :—Mr. J. M. Subhedar, a member of the Ratnagiri Local Board, was released unconditionally on September 9 from Ratnagiri subjail.

LEAGUE EXPELS AMIN KHOSO

Sequel To Criticism Of Electioneering Methods

KARACHI, Sept. 12.

A decision to expel from the Muslim League Mohamed Amin Khoso, M.L.A., and Joint Secretary of the Sind Provncial Muslim League, was taken at to-day's meeting of the Provincial League Council.

Two other members Hakim Yamin Khan and Ghulam Kadir were expelled from the League for three years each on the ground of their having violated the discipline of the organisation.

The resolution expelling Mr. Khoso says that the displinary action against him has been taken because of his recent statement criticising the League electioneering methods in the by-election caused by the death of ex-Premier Allah Bux. Mr. G. M. Syed, President of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, was elected Chairman of the Reception Committee of the next annual ssion of the League to be held in Karachi in December. Mr. Yusuf Abdullah Haroon M.L.A (Central) was appointed Secretary of the Committee. A number of other Committees were also appointed.—A. P.

8 Cloth Merchants Arrested

The first action for breach of the Cotton Control Order was taken on Saturday when the police arrested eight merchants in the Muljee Jetha Market and Chakla Street.

The arrests were under Section 14 (1) of the Cotton Control Order read with Rule 81 (4) of the Defence of India Rules. It is stated that the accused, contrary to the directions of the Textile Commissioners, were keeping in their possession unopened bales of cloth which, ought to have been opened for sale before August 31.

A police raiding party, consisting of Inspector Kogje, Deputy Inspector Jayvant and Sub-Inspector Patel, besides constables, took into custody those responsible for keeping the bales of cloth unopened after the time-limit Some godowns have been sealed.

Malaria In Sewri

For the last fifteen days malaria is raging in Sewri locality where the mill workers stay and there are many persons suffering from malaria round about the area. The mosquito trouble in this locality is also increasing. The reason for this I think is that flushing of almost all of the chawls are out of order and the water which accummuiates therein causes the breeding of mosquitoes. Not only this but the storage tanks of some of the chawls are always over-flowing and water accummulates at the rear side of the W.C.'s and chawls where also the breeding of mosquitoes takes place. Due to neglience of the Malaria staff malaria is rapidly spreading in the Sewri area.

Will the Officers of the Health and Malaria department pay their attention to above?

CHANTARAM S. KHOPKER.

Indira Niwas,
Bhawanishanker Road,
Dadar, Bombay, 14.

In S. Africa

INDIAN RAILWAY WORKERS DEMAND INCREASE IN WAGES

DURBAN, Sept. 12.

Representations are being made by Indian railway workers for an increase in wages and a deputation will interview the Minister of Transport Mr. Sturrock in Durban on Monday.

In the course of a memorandum submitted in advance to the Minister, the Indian Employees Union states that out of 550 Indians employed by the railway administration, 380 are paid wages as low as 59 shillings and six pence to 87 shillings monthly. The Union suggests that the minimum basic wage of unskilled workers be ten sterling monthly and urges improvement in housing facilities for workers such as flats as also the grant of paid annual leave for 21 days.—Reuter.

SIR S. A. KHAN IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, Sept, 12.

Sir Shafaat Ahmed Khan, Agent to the Governor-General in South Africa, arrived in Delhi to-day.—A. P.

JAIPUR METAL INDUSTRIES LTD.

Due to the enlightened policy which the Jaipur State is following under its Prime Minister Sir Mirza Ismail, an important and large industry in non-ferrous metals has been established in Jaipur State. The Jaipur Metal Industries Ltd., Jaipur, whose prospectus is appearing on another page in this issue, is started to take over and run this industry. It has on its Board of Directors members who have been prominent in the non-ferrous metal industry. The Chairman of the Board Mr. Ramjee Hansraj Kamani was actively associated with the direction and control of Jeevanlal and Company Jeevanlal (1929) Ltd., and Mukund Iron & Steel Works Ltd.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 11.

Germany is now calling up men up to the age of 60. All men born between 1884 and 1893 have been ordered to register with military authorities.—Reuter.

U. S. ATTACK ON CANTON 'DROME

American Planes Shoot Down Five "Zeros"

CHUNGKING, Sept. 12.

Gen. Stilwell's Communique on Saturday said that LIGHTNINGS made several damaging raids on September 9. LIGHTNINGS divebombed the Whampoa wharves at Canton, scoring many direct hits and starting fires. They also strafed four small craft and shot down a transport plane.

MITCHELLS escorted by WARHAWKS attacked the Whitecloud aerodrome on the outskirts of Canton with excellent results. Twenty ZEROS attempted to intercept, of which five were shot down and four probably destroyed.

Lightnings and Warhawks, strafing targets in Western Hupeh, destroyed railroad installations near Kuiktung, sank a tug and a hundred boats near Wuseh, dive-bombed a bridge near Puchi, strafed the railway station at Changayi, sank a 150-foot tug at Kichun and a 100-foot tug at Tsingkiachien. The Americans sustained minor damage but all returned.

Hundred and twenty Japanese were killed and five motor vehicles destroyed when a Japanese convoy of 30 motor vehicles was blown up by Chinese mines in northern Kiangsu Province, declared Sunday night's Chinese communique.

BENGAL FOOD SITUATION

Tomorrow's Public Meeting

The following resolutions will be moved at the public meeting of citizens of Bombay to be held at Sunderabai Hall :—

1. This meeting of the citizens of Bombay views with grave concern the serious difficulties experienced by the public in obtaining sufficient food supply especially in Bengal and Orissa, and the consequent misery from which the people are suffering.

2. As a proper and effective solution of the present food problem, the meeting is of opinion that the Government of India should take upon itself the function and the responsibility of controlling the prices of food grains and other essential articles in all parts of the country. The meeting is of opinion that the control of prices should not be left to the Provincial Governments and the District Authorities. The meeting further urges upon the Central Government that the prices to be fixed by them should be within the capacity of the people to pay; and if for that purpose it is necessary, the Government should take the responsibility of bearing the financial losses if any.

3. The meeting also urges upon the Government of India to take in its own hand with the co-operation of Provincial Governments and the District Authorities to secure and regulate supplies of foodgrains to all parts of the country. And in order to keep all the parts of the country properly and promptly supplied with adequate quantities of food grains and other essential articles suggests to the Government of India to make transport available for carrying food grains from surplus parts to deficit parts and even for importing food grains from foreign countries. This meeting further urges upon the Government of India and Provincial Governments to penalize hoarding and prevent the existence of Black Market by taking drastic steps.

4. The meeting urges upon the Government of India to take immediate steps in co-operation with Provincial Governments and District Authorities to introduce effective system of Rationing so that available supplies of food and other essential articles will be equitably distributed according to the needs of the people.

5. This meeting urges upon the Government of India to take all steps to secure the confidence and co-operation of the public in the work of supply and distribution of food grains by establishing representative Food Committees at the centre and in all parts of the Provinces. This meeting also urges upon the public to offer co-operation by volunteering their services in the work of preventing hoarding and in the work of organizing and carrying out proper system of Rationing.

Deposit To Maintain Beard

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Lokur)

Sirdar Syedna Taher Saifuddin, the Mullaji Saheb of the Dawoodi Bohras.....Petitioner (Original Defendent)

vs.

Fazle Hussein Buxamusa .....Respondent (Original Plaintiff)

In September, 1938 the Plaintiff asked Mullaji Saheb's permission to the marriage of his son. The Mullaji Saheb gave the necessary permission on condition that the plaintiff deposited a sum of Rs. 200/- and undertook that his son would keep a beard for a year after his marriage. The deposit was to be forfeited if the condition to maintain a beard was broken.

The plaintiff having demanded refund of the deposit, the Mullaji Saheb refused to do so contending that the undertaking had not been fulfilled. The plaintiff then filed a suit in the Court of Small Causes against the Mullaji Saheb to recover this deposit of Rs. 200/- which was decreed. A Full Court of that Court declined to interfere. The Mullaji Saheb then approached the High Court in Revision.

Mr. Justice Lokur dismissed the application with costs. His Lordship was of the opinion that there was evidence that the undertaking had been carried out and that the plaintiff's son had kept a beard for a year.

Mr. G. N. Thakore with Mr. B. G. Thakore and Mr. Diwanji appeared for the Petitioner.

Mr. A. G. Desai with Mr. D. M. Athavle appeared for the Respondent.

SUHRAWARDY TO RETURN TO INDIA

Out To Launch Campaign To Popularise Pakistan?

LONDON, Sept. 12.

It is learnt that Sir Hasan Suhrawardy will shortly return to India and take active part in politics. Shortly after reaching India he will meet Mr. Jinnah and will have close association with him.

Sir Hasan, it is further learnt, will launch a new campaign throughout India for popularising the Pakistan demand among Muslims hitherto opposed to the separation of India into Hindu and Muslim States—United Press.

City Malayalees Confer

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Keraleeya Samaj, Bombay Travancore Association, Malabar Christian Association, Aikya Keraleeya Sangh and Malabar Muslim Association, Juhu, a conference was held this evening at the Ramnarain Ruia College, Matunga, when Dr. Trivikram presided.

Mr. K. K. Abdul Rehman welcomed the President.

In the course of his speech the President stressed the necessity of Hindu-Muslim unity and explained how the discussion was standing in the way achieving self-government. He also pointed out how it was quite incumbent on the part of the Government of India immediately to release all the political leaders which was the most essential pre-requisite for the proper solution of the grave food problems.

He elaborated on the grandeur of Kerala culture and art. Mention was made that the different communities in Malabar had the same culture. Exhorting the audience to work for a strong central organisation in Bombay he advised them to give and take from every other cultural and social group.

Fraternal speeches were then delivered by Mr. Mani, Secretary of the South Indian Association, and Mr. C. K. Narayanaswamy.

The Conference passed a resolution extending its support to the All-Kerala Cholera-Relief Committee, Bengal and the Bijapur Famine Relief Committee, formed in Bombay and appealed to the Bombay Malayalees to liberally contribute to these bodies.

The Conference being of opinion that a University is essential in Kerala, requested the Governments of Madras, Cochin and Travancore States to take immediate and expedient steps for the realisation of this long-felt need.

The Conference requested the University of Bombay and the authorities of private educational institutions in the City to introduce Malayalam as a second language in the University curriculum.

Altogether 8 resolutions were passed.

Kunju Nair, Miss Pramila Sirur and Miss Nagaratna Basu staged dances.

City To Have One More College

In the course of his presidential address at the 20th annual gathering of the Gujarati Sahitya Sansad held in the premises of the Bharatiya Vidhya Bhavan, Harvey Road, on Sunday evening Mr. K. M. Munshi appealed to the public for funds for a college to be started by the Baratiya Vidhya Bhavan and named after the late Sri Meghji Mathuradas. The cost of the College, said Mr. Munshi, was estimated at about Rs. 8 lakhs of which over two lakhs were already subscribed.

After eulogising the services and the philanthropic nature of the late Sri Meghji Mr. Munshi observed :—

"One of his cherished wishes was to have a college associated with the Bhavan. Often he marked out the spot where it should be founded. Once at the request of the President from the jail he made an offer for a college building for the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan relying upon his own courage to raise the necessary funds. During his last moments when speech was denied he expressed his determination to found the College if he survived his illness.

"Bombay cannot keep alive the memory of so nobie and selfless a philanthropist except by fulfilling his last wish of raising a college, associated with the Bhavan. An additional college for the city and suburbs is an absolute necessity, as the existing colleges are not enough to meet the demand. And a college with the background of Bharatiya Vidya for which the Bhavan stands will add a refreshing feature to the educational life of the city and suburbs. A well-equipped Arts College will cost not less than Rs. 7 lakhs, i.e., 4 lakhs for the building, one lakh for equipment and two lakhs for hostels, etc.

We appeal to everyone interested in education and Bharatiya Vidya to help the Bhavan in raising this fund."

Over two lakhs were subscribed in response to the appeal. In addition the Bhavan's resources in land, equipment, etc., will also be available to the College.

Mr. Munshi then narrated the history of (Old Gujarat) since the year 550 to 1300 and explained how the empire of old Gujerat had extended from Delhi upto Benares. In doing so he refuted the theory that "Gurjars" were foreigners.

"Tribune" Contempt Case Adjourned

LAHORE, Sept. 11.

Mr. M. Subrahamanyan and Mr. R. A. C. Bhatia, Editor and reporter respectively of the "Tribune", appeared to-day before Mr. Justice Mohammad Munir, Vacation Judge of the Lahore High Court, in response to the notices issued by his Lordship directing them to appear before them. But the Court adjourned the proceedings till 28th September as the notice had not been served on the printer and publisher of the paper.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

The German radio announces that Alabania and Montenegro have proclaimed their independence.

* * *

Commenting on Mr. Churchill's Harvard speech, the friendly 'New York Times' mildly mentions that "it may be argued by some that Mr. Churchill has no faith in a world order wherein all nations would have a voice...."

Of course, he has. His is an indomitable, in fact, Churchillian faith in a world order wherein the "all nations" which the paper is thinking of will have an important voice: "Yes", Or Else.....

* * *

Nor does Mr. Churchill propose "to police the world with Anglo-American constabulary."

He clearly contemplates the inclusion in the police force of a number of Russian and Chinese—no, sorry, not Chinese—Russian sergeants and a sizeable number of constables from other victorious nations.

* * *

Having forestalled the inescapable, pardon, the possible interpretation of Mr. Churchill's plans, the paper assures the world that "we do not believe Mr. Churchill has in mind an Anglo-American 'century' or anything of the sort."

To attribute such thoughts is maliciously to misrepresent Mr. Churchill, who, of course, means nothing more than a century of the English speaking peoples of "the west" which is clearly quite a different thing altogether. Isn't it?

No? All right, then let us talk of Hitler.

* * *

Herr Adolf Hitler broke his six months' silence with the opening remark that the moment had come for him to speak without "deluding either myself or the public."

This shocking truth-speaking suggests that the Fuehrer needs the urgent and careful attention of his medical specialists.

* * *

Nor did he end with this beginning. In the middle of his talk he revealed to the Germans the fact that Fascist Italy indiscreetly and rashly embroiled herself in an aggressive adventure in Greece and it was to rescue Italy that he intervened militarily.

The Greeks may be delighted at this confession, but it is a further call of urgency to Hitler's medical advisers.

* * *

Furthermore, he ended his oratory, too, in a crescendo of pathological nature. He promised the German nation—and in the name of the Almighty, too—that victory "must and will be in 1943."

The specialists had better take immediate and strict charge of the Fuher.

The man is stark raving—Hitler.

* * *

Reports from the South-West Pacific indicate that the fall of Lae and Salamaua is imminent.

Good. After that there will begin another say, three weeks' grim but triumphant battle for the next base on the same island, Wewak. Amazingly rapid progress is being made towards the complete and decisive conquest of Japan.

* * *

ENGLAND'S LOSS.

Englishman—Did you know the sun never sets on the British Empire?

American Girl—How unfortunate At home we have such lovely sunsets.

—American Paper.

Ramakrishna Mission Bengal Relief Fund

The President of the Ramakrishna Mission Ashram, Khar, acknowledges with thanks the receipt of the following further donations towards the Ramakrishna Mission Bengal Starvation Relief Fund :—

Bhatt Vishwanath Bhagvanji Rs. 100, J. V. Varde Rs. 200, A friend Rs. 101, M. S. Patel Rs. 150, C. L. Randery Rs. 251, S. C. Chatterjee Rs. 105, Manilal C. Desai Rs. 200, Mathubhai Kasambhai Rs. 100, Vaikunthlal S. Thakore Rs. 101, Sohanlal S. Parikh Rs. 200, Seth Jethabhai R. Patel Rs. 500, A friend, Santa Cruz Rs. 100, Staff and Workmen Indian Bleaching and Dyeing and Printing Works Rs. 460, Mrs. Parvatibai A. Nair Rs. 100, Kanji Jadavji and Co., Rs. 1,000, Chimanlal J. Dalal and Co., Rs. 300, M. G. Iyer Rs. 100, Bhogilal Nagindas Chinai Rs. 200, Nagindas Fulchand Chinai Rs. 200, Mohan R. Gokarn Rs. 101, Mangesh J. Sanzgiri Rs. 101, Staff Divisional Engineer, Telegraph, Bombay, Rs. 385-11, Seth Manekial Choonilal Chinai Rs. 501, Seth Natverlal M. Chinai Rs. 201, Seth Bhudhisagar M. Chinai Rs. 101, Seth Kanaiyalal M. Chinai Rs. 101, Sth Chandulal Jhaveri Rs 100, Seth Chimanlal Jivanlal Chinai Rs. 101, Mrs. K. P. Mangaldas Rs. 102, Mrs. Chunilal Rs. 100 Donations below Re. One hundred Rs. 6.998, Grand Total Rs. 28,530-11.

DONATION IN KIND: A friend—7 bales of cloth, Old Sholapur Mills 4 bales of cloth, Anonymous 50 dhoties and 80 saries.

When States' Ministers' Committee Meets

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11.

The Committee of States' Ministers will meet in Baroda on September 26 and 27 under the chairmanship of Sir V. T. Krishnamachari, says a press "communique". The Study Circle will meet on September 26 at the same place under the chairmanship of Nawab Sir Ahmad Saed Khan of Chhattari to discuss constitutional problems.—United Press.

Mrs. Naidu's Message To Students

BOMBAY, Sept. 12.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu has sent the following message to the Bombay Students' Union Conference :—

Unity of purpose and unity of action alone in serving the immediate and ultimate needs of the people can ensure freedom, peace and progress to India.—United Press.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

European Appointed As Controller Of Shipping

Shantikumar Accuses Govt. Of Sacrificing Indian Interests

"Once again the consensus of Indian public opinion has been treated with contempt, and an European has again been appointed as the Controller of Indian shipping. Once more the Government of India have abdicated their responsibility for protecting the cause of national shipping, and have sacrificed its interests to carry out the hookum of the British Ministry of War Transport" observed Mr. Shantikumar N. Morarjee in an exclusive interview to the United Press in commenting over the decision of the Government of India to compel ships on the Indian register to take out licences, to restrict their movements, and to fetter their discretion as to the cargo they should carry. "Better utilisation of the available shipping space is trotted forth in justification of their decision" continued Mr. Morarjee and added that "this would deceive no one." "Only four or five ships on the Indian register are now on the free list. All others, over fifty in number, have been requisitioned or commandeered by the Government of India long since. Is there anything to prevent the Government from utilising space on all these ships as they want? The real reason is, under the cloak of the better utilisation of space of the four or five ships now left free, the Government of India are effectively introducing the general policy of requisitioning to please the authorities of the Whitehall and effectively appeasing those British shipowners in India who are unjustifiably jealous of the little profits that these free ships might be making. This is justice with a vengeance.

UNREDEEMED PROMISES

Continuing, Mr. Shantikumar remarked, that the Government of India have unfortunately done nothing all these years to redeem their several promises and assurances to secure for Indian shipping a substantial share in the coastal and overseas maritime trades of India, and added "intolerable as that position is, one can sympathise with the helplessness of the Government in this matter. It is, however, tragic when the Government of India make Indians believe that by such appointment and by such licensing they are trying to hold the scales of justice even between Indian and British shipping. I am constrained to characterise this attempt as *suppressio veri and suggestio falsi*. None of the ships on the British register engaged in the coastal trade of India requires a licence, as the ships on the Indian register will require hereafter. Neither are the movements of ships on the British register restricted nor is their discretion to carry such cargo as they like fettered in any way. That will not be the case with ships on the Indian register. The tragedy of the situation is, that instead of bringing all the ships in the coastal trade, whether they are on the Indian register or whether they are on the register of the United Kingdom, under the control and direction of the Controller of Indian shipping, the Government of India are content only with imposing burdens on ships on Indian register, leaving ships on the British register free to do as they like. How is the Controller of Indian shipping then going to promote that co-ordination and that effective utilisation of space on ships engaged in the coastal trade of India which the Government have in view, unless he has to make humble submissions and pleadings to the representatives of the British Ministry of War Transport for that purpose?

DEEP TRAGEDY

Proceeding, Mr. Shantikumar observed, British shipping is a national asset. Indian shipping is not regarded as such. British Government have promised British shipping financial assistance after the war to maintain its competitive efficiency. No such promise is held out by the Government of India to Indian shipping. The British Government have announced their policy to maintain its position as the carriers of the world trade. The Government of India have said nothing as to what they will do even to allow the Indian shipping to maintain its present position, which it is fast losing, under the growing domination of British shipping on the coast. Ever since the appointment of Sir Edward Benthall, serious attempts have been made to take away blue water shipping from the control of the Commerce Department, always, presided over by an Indian Member, and to hand it over to the tender mercies of a European Member. A serious inroad had already been made by handing over the ocean-going country craft to the War Transport Department, a form of blue water shipping, which must remain under the control of the Commerce Member. I do not know, concluding, remarked Mr. Shantikumar, what the real game is, but I would not be surprised if, under the plea of securing priority for the movement of essential cargoes and effective co-ordination between the rail and the sea route, serious insidious attempts might be made to take away the remaining forms of blue water shipping from the Commerce Department and to hand it over to the tender mercies of Sir Edward Benthall. Unprotected as the Indian shipping at present is, it will be a case of deep tragedy for its future, if it is allowed to pass away from the care and control of the Commerce Member to another Department presided over by one in whom Indian industries, and particularly Indian shipping, as unambiguously announced by the Indian public opinion in the past, will not find a friend, who will either advance their cause or much less fight for their present rights.

TAPNASHI
QUINOPHAGE PROVED
QUININE
Substitute by thorough tests by various Civil Surgeons & I.M.S. Officers for all types of Malaria.
SHARMAN MEDICAL HOUSE,
Ludhiana Pole.

(A copy of this Prospectus has be en filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Jaipur and a copy duly certified under Section 277A of the Indian Companies Act has been filed with the Registrar of Companies, Bombay). (Consent of the Central Governm ent has been obtained to this issue under the Defence of India Rule. 94 A. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent, the Government of India, do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes or for the correctness of any of the statement made or opinions expressed with regard thereto.)

THE SUBSCRIPTION LIST WILL OPEN ON 16TH SEPTEMBER, 1943 AND WILL BE CLOSED ON THE 25TH SEPTEMBER, 1943 OR EARLIER AT THE DISCRETION OF THE DIRECTORS.

PROSPECTUS OF

THE JAIPUR METAL INDUSTRIES, LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the Jaipur Companies Act on the 30th day of August, 1943 in Jaipur.)

(THE LIABILITY OF THE MEMBERS IS LIMITED

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .....Rs. 50,00,000 (Fifty Lakhs)

divided into
(i) 25,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100|- each
(ii) 50,000 Deferred Shares of Rs. 10|- each and
(iii) 20,000 Preference Shares of Rs. 100|- each.

ISSUED CAPITAL..... Rs. 20,00,000 (Twenty Lakhs)

divided as follows:—
(1) Rs. 10,00,000|- in 10,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100|- each
(2) Rs. 2,00,000|- in 20,000 Deferred Shares of Rs. 10|- each
(3) Rs. 8,00,000|- in 8,000 6% Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs. 100|- each.

Of the above issue, the Managing Agents, Directors and their friends have agreed to take Ordinary Shares of Rs. 5 lakhs, Deferred Shares of Rs. 1 lakh and Preference Shares of Rs. 4 lakhs, including the shares to be allotted to the Vendors or to such persons as the vendors may decide, for the plant, machinery stores etc. and for the goodwill. The remaining shares, i.e.

(1) 5,000 ORDINARY SHARES OF RS. 100|- EACH
(2) 10,000 DEFERRED SHARES OF RS. 10|- EACH
(3) 4,000 PREFERENCE SHARES OF RS. 100|- EACH

are offered to the public payable as follows:—

Rs. 25|- per each Ordinary and Preference Share and Rs. 5|- per each Deferred Share are to be paid with the application and Rs 50|- for each Ordinary and Preference Share and Rs. 5 per each Deferred Share will be payable on allotment within fifteen days from the date of allotment. The balance of Rs. 25|- per each Ordinary and Preference Share will be called after the interval of one month from the due date of allotment or any time thereafter, as may be decided by the Directors.

DIRECTORS

1. **RAJRATNA RAMJI HANSRAJ KAMANI,** Merchant & Industrialist, Director, W. Leslie & Company (Punjab) Ltd., Lahore, Kamani Enamel Industries Ltd., Bombay. Narbheram & Co., Ltd., Jamshedpur, W. Leslie & Company, (Bombay) Ltd., Bombay. New Colony, Jaipur. CHAIRMAN.
2. **HEMCHAND KAPURCHAND SHAH, Esq.,** Merchant & Industrialist, Managing Director, Jewanlal (1929) Ltd., Calcutta, Partner, The Myscre Premier Metal Factory, Madras, Director, Aluminium Production Co. of India Ltd, 9A Justice Chandra Madhab Road. Calcutta.
3. **NARBHERAM HANSRAJ KAMANI, Esq.** Merchant and Industrialist, Managing Director, Narbheram & Co., Ltd., Jamshedpur, Director, W. Leslie & Co., (Punjab) Ltd., Lahore, W. Leslie & Co. (Bombay) Ltd., Bombay, Kamani Enamel Industries Ltd., Bombay, Maheswari Mansion, Napean Sea Road, Bombay.
4. **LALA CHHABIL DAS JHAMB, Esq.,** Merchant, Senior Partner, Messrs. Jhamb Bros & Co., Government Contractors, B 3 Clive Buildings, Clive Street, Calcutta.
5. **VANECHAND DURLABHJI ZAVERI, Esq.,** Merchant & Jeweller, Partner, Messrs. R. V. Durlabhji, Johri Bazar, Jaipur.
6. **GIRDHARLAL DURLABHJI ZAVERI, Esq.,** Merchant & Jeweller, Partner, Messrs. G. S. Durlabhji, Johri Bazar, Jaipur
7. **TANUBHAI DEVIDAS DESAI, Esq., B.A., LL.B.,** Solicitor, High Court, Bombay, and Agent Federal Court, Delhi: Director Devkaran Nanji Insurance Co., Ltd. Bombay, Hindustan Newspapers Ltd., Bombay and Paper Sales Ltd., Bombay etc. Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay.
8. **POONAMCHAND RAMJI KAMANI, Esq.,** Merchant and Industrialist, Director, W. Leslie & Co., (Punjab) Ltd., W. Leslie & Co. (Bombay) Ltd., Kamani Enamel Industries Ltd., Bombay, Poonamchand & Eros. Ltd., Jaipur, New Colony Jaipur. (Ex-officio).
9. **RAJRATNA PRATAPRAI GIRDHARLAL MEHTA,** Merchant, Director, Kamani Enamel Industries, Ltd., Bombay, Poonamchand & Bros., Ltd., Jaipur, New Colony, Jaipur, (Ex-officio).

LEGAL ADVISERS
Messrs. MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS, Solicitors, Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay.

AUDITORS
Messrs. SHARP AND TANNAN, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS, Bank of Baroda Building, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

REGISTERED OFFICE
Near Station, Jaipur.

BANKERS
THE BANK OF JAIPUR LTD.
THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY.

The Company has been formed with the objects set out in the Memorandum of Association (Copy whereof together with the names of the signatories thereto is printed overleaf and forms part of this Prospectus) and in particular to acquire the factory of Jaipur Metal Industries, Jaipur and to engage in the business of refining of non-ferrous metals and alloys, such as copper, brass, bronze, etc., the manufacture of rods, wires, sheets, etc., of non-ferrous metals of all kinds.

RIGHTS OF PREFERENCE, ORDINARY AND DEFERRED SHARES

The Preference Shares shall have the right to a preferential cumulative dividend at 6 per cent per annum on the capital paid thereon for the time being and shall further confer a right in a winding up, to the payment of the capital paid thereon and arrears of dividend at the fixed rate, whether declared or not, upto the commencement of the winding up, in priority to the Ordinary and Deferred Shares; but shall not confer any further right to participate in profits or assets. The Ordinary Shares shall confer the right to a non-cumulative dividend upto 8 per cent per annum on the capital paid-up out of the profits in each year in which it shall be determined to distribute a dividend and shall rank next after the Preference Shares for dividend. The Deferred Shares shall confer a right to a non-cumulative dividend upto 15% per annum on the paid-up capital out of the profits, if any remaining, after providing a dividend of 8% to Ordinary Shareholders. Any profits remaining after providing 8% dividend on Ordinary Shares and 15 per cent dividend on Deferred Shares which it may be determined to distribute amongst the members in that year shall be divided in the proportion of half to half between the Ordinary Shares and the Deferred Shares by way of additional dividend. In a winding up of the Company, any surplus assets, after paying off the capital paid-up on the Ordinary and Deferred Shares rateably, shall be divided in the proportion of half and half between Ordinary Shares and Deferred Shares.

PROSPECTUS

India has been almost entirely dependent on foreign imports for its requirements of various non-ferrous metals and imports of all kinds of non-ferrous metals, alloys and manufactures worth several crores were coming into the country before the War.

There is, therefore, a very great scope for the expansion and development of non-ferrous metals industry in India. Before the present war, India was exporting the scrap of non-ferrous metals which can be refined and converted into finished products in the country itself. Moreover, India is rich in mineral ores of non-ferrous metals and the refining and manufacture of non-ferrous metals from ores can also be developed. Rajputana is rich in such minerals and the factory at Jaipur is favourably situated for utilising such ores in future.

THE PRESENT MANUFACTURING ACTIVITIES

The Promoters of the Company, who had a long previous experience in the non-ferrous metals industry, have worked for more than 2 years to develop the factory at Jaipur to its present position. The manufacturing operations of the factory can be grouped under 4 important sections as follows:—

(1) Smelting and Refining of various non-ferrous metals and alloys including High Tensile Brass, Arsenical Copper, Phosphor Bronze and all kinds of Anti-friction Bearing Metals, etc.
(2) Manufacturing Rods of non-ferrous metals (Squares, Rounds. Flats and Hexagonals) including High Tensile Brass, Arsenical Copper, Phosphor Bronze etc.
(3) Sheet Rolling of Copper, Lead, Zinc, Phosphor Bronze, etc.
(4) Wire Drawing section is under erection and Electrical Wires, such as Double Cotton and Double Silk covered Copper Wire, Radio Aerial Wires, etc. are being manufactured on an experimental scale.

The factory is probably the biggest unit and one of the well equipped factories in non-ferrous metals in India. It has a fully qualified and experienced, technical staff and is equipped with an up-to-date laboratory. The factory had commenced production at Jaipur on a commercial scale in October, 1942 and during the 11 months ending August 1943, it has manufactured and supplied goods worth about Rs. 50 lakhs. The Company is acquiring the factory in full working order and it is, therefore, in a position to make very good profits. The Directors hope that the factory will be well established and developed to enable it to make good profits also after the war.

CONCESSIONS AND FACILITIES GRANTED BY THE JAIPUR STATE

The Jaipur State has been pleased to grant important facilities and concessions for the development and establishment of this industry and the same will be transferred to the company.

AGREEMENTS

(1) MANAGING AGENCY AGREEMENT. Pursuant to clause 4 (1) of the Articles of Association Messrs. Poonamchand & Bros. Ltd. Jaipur have been appointed Managing Agents of the Company by the Managing Agency Agreement dated 30th August, 1943, with the following terms and conditions among others:—

(A) Messrs. Poonamchand & Bros. Ltd. are appointed as Managing Agents of the Company for a period of 20 years from the date of incorporation of the Company.

(B) That the Company agrees to pay each year to the Agents a commission at 10% on the nett annual profits and also a monthly allowance of Rs. 1,500. The term net profits in this connection means the profits of the Company as defined by Section 27 (c) of the Jaipur Companies Act.

(C) The Managing Agents are entitled to nominate 2 ex-officio Directors. Such Directors shall not exceed one-third the total number of the Directors.

(2) AGREEMENT FOR THE PURCHASE OF EXISTING PLANT, MACHINERY ETC.

The Company has entered into an agreement with Jaipur Metal Industries, Jaipur for the purchase of all the plant, machinery furnaces, building constructions, stores etc. belonging to them at a value to be fixed by an independent valuer to be appointed by the Directors and also for the purchase of the Goodwill of the concern at Rs. 1 lakh. The value of plant, machinery, building constructions and furnaces and the amount for goodwill, will be payable by the issue and allotment of fully paid up Shares of the Company and the value of stores, raw materials etc. will be payable either in cash or by the issue of Shares at the option of the Vendors. The Directors have appointed Messrs. Mackenzie Lyall & Co. of Calcutta as Valuer for this purpose.

A copy of both these agreements may be inspected at any time during office hours at the registered office of the company or with Mr. Tanubhai D. Desai or Messrs. Motichand & Devidas, Solicitors, 31 Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay.

DIRECTORS QUALIFICATION

Under the Articles of Association of the Company, Directors must hold shares worth Rs. 5,000|- as qualification.

DIRECTORS REMUNERATION

The remuneration of a Director shall be such amount not exceeding Rs. 100|- as the Directors may from time to time fix, for every meeting of the Board attended by him.

The Directors may allow and pay to any Director for the purpose of attending a meeting. such allowance as the Directors may consider fair for his travelling and other incidental expenses in addition to his fee for attending such meeting as above specified.

If any Director shall be called upon to go or reside out of his usual place of residence on the Company's business or otherwise perform extra services (which expression shall include the work done by a Director in signing certificates of shares or debentures issued by the Company, or work done by him as a member of any committee appointed by the Directors in terms of these articles) the Directors may arrange with such Director for such special remuneration for such services, either by way of salary, or commission or by a percentage of profits or the payment of a fixed sum of money as may be determined by the Directors, and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution of his remuneration above provided. The Directors shall also be entitled to be paid any travelling or other expenses incurred in connection with the business of the Company.

MINIMUM SUBSCRIPTION

The Directors shall not make any allotment of shares unless shares to the nominal value of Rs. 5 lakhs at least shall have been subscribed for on a cash footing.

BROKERAGE

Brokerage at 1% will be paid by the Company on the present issue on allotment made in respect of applications bearing the stamp of any recognised firm of Brokers or Bankers.

PRELIMINARY EXPENSES

Preliminary expenses, exclusive of commission and brokerage, are not estimated to exceed Rs. 15,000|-

INTEREST OF DIRECTORS

Messrs. Poonamchand Ramji Kamani and Ramji Hansraj Kamani as Partners of the Jaipur Metal Industries are interested as the Vendors of the said business in the said sale to the Company of their factory and business, etc. Messrs. Poonamchand Ramji Kamani and Prataprai Girdharlal Mehta are interested as the Directors of Poonamchand & Bros. Ltd., which is appointed as the Managing Agents of the Company. Mr. Tanubhai D. Desai is a Partner of Messrs. Motichand & Devidas, who are the legal advisers of the Company.

VOTING RIGHTS

On a show of hands, every member present in person shall have one vote, and upon a poll every member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every Share, whether Preference, Ordinary or Deferred, held by him.

RESTRICTIONS REGARDING RIGHTS TO ATTEND OR VOTE

No member shall be entitled to be present, or to vote, on any question, either personally or by proxy, or as proxy for another member, at any general meeting, or upon a poll, or be reckoned in quorum, whilst any call or other sum in respect of any of the shares of such member either solely or jointly with any other person, shall be due and payable to the Company.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

The Directors may at any time in their absolute and uncontrolled discretion and without assigning any reason decline to register any proposed transfer of shares, other than fully paid up shares, whether the transferee is a member of the Company or not.

ESTABLISHMENT OF PLACE OF BUSINESS IN BRITISH INDIA

The Company has not established any place of business in British India.

INSPECTION

Copies of the Agreements above referred and prints of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and the Jaipur Companies Act may be inspected at the Registered Office of the Company and with Mr. Tanubhai D. Desai of Messrs. Motichand and Devidas, Solicitors, 31, Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay.

APPLICATION FOR SHARES

Application for shares may be made upon the form accompanying the Prospectus or a similar form and application money may be paid either in cash or by a cheque at the Registered Office of the Company in Jaipur or at the Bank of Jaipur, Ltd., Bombay and Jaipur and the Bank of India, Ltd., Ahmedabad. Cash or cheque on any place in India will be accepted without any banking charges. In case no shares are allotted, the whole deposit will be returned and if the number of shares allotted is less than the number applied for, the surplus, if any, will be utilized for the payment of the monies payable on allotment.

Prospectus and forms of application for shares can be obtained at the Registered office of the Company and from the Bank of Jaipur Ltd., Jaipur and Bombay (Cook's Bldg., Hornby Road, Fort) and the Bank of India, Ltd., Ahmedabad and Bombay, Oriental Building, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 30th day of August, 1943.

Sd. Ramjee Hansraj Kamani
„ Hemchand Kapurchand Shah
„ Narbheram Hansraj Kamani
„ Chhabildas Jhamb
„ Vanechand Durlabhji Zaveri
„ Girdharlal Durlabhji Zaveri
„ Tanubhai Devidas Desai
„ Poonamchand Ramjee Kamani
„ Prataprai Girdharlal Mehta.

SHARE APPLICATION FORM

Serial No. .....

To,
The Directors,
THE JAIPUR METAL INDUSTRIES LTD.,
Jaipur.

Gentlemen,

I/We request you to allot to me/us the following shares upon the terms and conditions of the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association and Prospectus.

..... Ordinary shares of Rs. 100/- each,

..... Deferred shares of Rs. 10/- each,

..... 6 p.c. Cumulative Preference shares of Rs. 100/- each.

I/We send to you/your Banks by cash/cheque the necessary deposit amount of Rs. ..... at Rs. 25/- per each Ordinary share and Preference share, and Rs. 5/- per each Deferred share to be sent with the application and I/We agree to accept the same or any less number that you may allot to me/us and to pay the amount due on allotment and subsequent calls as and when made. I/We authorise you to register me/us as the holder of the said shares.

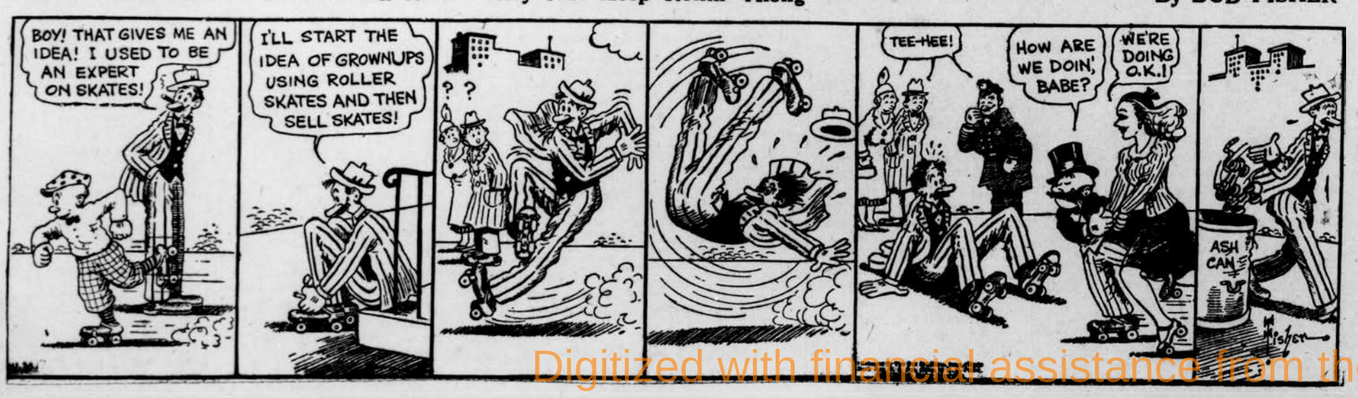
Name in full (in block letters).. .....

Address in full .....

.....

Date ..... Signature .....

MUTT AND JEFF—Like Ole Man River—They Just Keep Rollin' Along — By BUD FISHER


BOY! THAT GIVES ME AN IDEA! I USED TO BE AN EXPERT ON SKATES!
I'LL START THE IDEA OF GROWNUPS USING ROLLER SKATES AND THEN SELL SKATES!
TEE-HEE!
HOW ARE WE DOIN', BABE?
WE'RE DOING O.K.!
ASH CAN

'Thymocin'
FOR
PYORRHOEA
GINGIVITIS
Shaky and loose teeth, Ulceration and Inflammations of the mouth
Mfg.: SEVASHRAM, Broach
Agents:—
T. M. THAKORE & CO.
BOMBAY. I.

HEALTH in Every Drop

LADCOVINE
The PORT WINE TONIC

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD
MINIMUM RS. 1|8|-
To be paid in advance.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Deccani Brahmin, aged 40 invites correspondence from the parents of Deccani girls. View matrimonial, income Rs. 125 per month. Correspondence confidential. Write Box No. 2669, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted hard working salesgirl. Apply to Box No. 5996, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an experienced Storekeeper for a large industrial unit comprising of Oil Mills and Soapery, Workshop, etc. Salary and grade Rs. 100-10-200. Initial salary according to qualification. Applicants should attach copies of all testimonials with full details and apply to Box No. 6067, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted two clerks, shorthand typists preferred, one for Bombay and one for Lonavla, on respective scales of Rs. 60-5|2-90-5|2-115 and Rs. 50-5|2-75-5|2|95. Dearness allowance, Bombay Rs. 15|- Lonavla Rs. 10-. Greater efficiency will secure higher start. Knowledge of Marathi or Gujarati essential. Apply to Director, Kalyadhama, Bombay 2. (2638)

Wanted:— Wholesale and Retail Customers, Travelling Agents and Stockists on suitable commission for our M. of Pearl and Horn Buttons of dependable quality at cheap rates for the following prominent Towns of Bombay Presidency viz.:— Poona, Nasik, Ahmadnagar, Sholapur, Kolhapur, Belgaum, Dhulia, Dharwar, Jalgaon, Amalner, Ahmedabad, Surat, Baroda, Rajkot. Apply to:— J. Smith & Co., Barai Khali, (Dacca) Bengal. Samples may be had by remitting Rs. 2|8|- only which amount will be refunded if order placed or samples returned in good condition. 2672

Wanted—immediately for up-country an experienced Telephone Mechanic Lineman. Apply stating experience and salary expected to Post Box No. 249, Bombay. (2659)

Wanted intelligent hard working general clerks with good handwriting and good at mathematics. Apply in own handwriting to Box No. 5994, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted industrious and energetic young men, mechanically minded, for a radio firm to be trained as radio, sound and electrical engineers. Small starting salary offered. Apply to Box No. 5995, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted clerks knowing engineering for Stores Maintenance Departments. Apply stating Age, Qualifications, Experience, Salary expected, to Box No. 6054, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an educated Deccani young lady from a respectable family, fond of children (and willing to do any work) as a companion to a little girl, preferably whole time. State salary required and particulars. Apply Box No. 6068, "Bombay Chronicle."

Secure Employment learning "Touch Typewriting" monthly Re. 1|-. (Specialized Shorthand—Typewriting—Telegraphy Course). Arrangement for ladies. National Typewriting Institution, Dwarkadas Mansions, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum. (2586)

Wanted—Persons desirous of earning Rs. 10|- to Rs. 30|- per day should write for free particulars. Samples can also be sent if desired. Apply B. C. B. c|o. Post Box 262, Lahore. (5105)

303 MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted—Paper Cutting Machinery, new or second-hand, 36" or 48", power driven, complete with adjustable table and spare knives and other accessories. Apply stating full particulars, approximate price, and place of inspection to Box No. 2657, "Bombay Chronicle."

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents, Stockists for Jams, Squashes, Pickles, etc. See personally before 10 A. M.:—Director, Afghan Products, All-India Hotel, opposite General Post Office, Bombay. 2666

348. ESTATES & PROPERTIES

Wanted to purchase properties in Bombay from Rs. 50,000 upto ten lacs. Brokers need not apply. Messrs. Joshi & Co., 134, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. (2658)

652 MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale—1500 Sheets imported Plywood 6' x 3' and 6½ x 4' 3 mm. and 4 mm. Offers invited Box No. 2661, "Bombay Chronicle."

Firm offers are invited for the purchase of a five year old country-bred horse in excellent health. Inspection by appointment with V. G. Motwane, Plot 431, 15th Road, Khar. Telephone 30937. 6069

Firm offers are invited for purchase of Packard Saloon car 1937 model, 8 cylinder 33.3 H.P. complete with brand new tyres tubes in perfect working order. Inspection by appointment with V. G. Motwane, Post Box 459, Bombay. Telephone 30937. 6035

Radio, H.M.V., 5 Valve, A.C., 1940, Rs. 220. Bicycle, Hercules, Witkopp Seat, Dynamo, Rs. 150|- Near offer. Telephone 60556—Gidwani. 2665

For Sale one brand new G. E. C. make 20 H.P. A.C. 1440 R.P.M. and two 5 H.P. A.C. 1440 R.P.M. squirrel cage Motors complete with starters suitable for 400|440 Volts 3 Phase, 50 Cycles supply. Apply Box No. 2667, "Bombay Chronicle."

For Sale Typewriters Standard & Portable, Carbonpapers, Ribbons, Repairs & Maintainance service, etc. Rate moderate. Consult:— Bhatia & Co., 236, Kalbadevi Road, 2[illegible]

PUBLIC NOTICES

POLICE NOTICE

With reference to the Notice of the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, dated the 30th August, 1943, closing certain roads to vehicular traffic and regulating vehicular traffic from Walkeshwar and Cumballa Hills to the Fort and *vice versa* on the 8th and 13th September, 1943, on account of the immersion of Ganpatis, the Public proceeding to or from the North of the Island are advised in order to save themselves delay and inconvenience, to proceed *via* Mahomedalli Road and Parel Road instead of by Queen's Road and Hughes Road.

2. Similarly, the public are advised against using Marine Drive between the hours of 3 p.m. and 8-30 p.m. on those dates as this Road will be closed to traffic.

H. E. BUTLER,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office:
Bombay, 31st August, 1943.
5966

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE INFORMED that on WEDNESDAY, the 8th September and MONDAY, the 13th September, 1943, the following roads will be closed to vehicular traffic and reserved for public purposes between the hours of 3 p.m. and 8-30 p.m. on account of the immersion of Ganpatis:—

SANDHURST ROAD from its junction with Vithalbhai Patel Road to Chaupati; CHAUPATI from the old level crossing to its junction with Babulnath Road; HUGHES ROAD from its junction with Sandhurst Bridge to its junction with French Road; FRENCH ROAD from its junction with Chaupati to Chaupati Back Road; HARVEY ROAD from its junction with Chaupati to Chaupati Back Road; VITHALBHAI PATEL ROAD from Cowasji Patel Tank to Sandhurst Road junction (except for conveyances carrying Ganpatis when proceeding west, i.e. towards Chaupati) and GIRGAUM ROAD from Portuguese Church to Sandhurst Road junction.

CHARNI ROAD from Portuguese Church to its junction with Vithalbhai Patel Road shall be closed to east bound vehicular traffic (except for conveyances carrying Ganpatis).

MARINE DRIVE from its junction with the road leading from the foot-over-bridge between Churchgate and Marine Lines Railway Station to its junction with Chaupati shall be closed to vehicular traffic.

Vehicles proceeding from Walkeshwar and Cumballa Hill towards the Fort and 'vice versa' will proceed along the following Roads:—

WALKESHWAR TO FORT.—Via Walkeshwar Road, Babulnath Road, Hughes Road, Harvey Road, Nana's Chowk, over Kennedy Bridge, Girgaum Road and New Queen's Road.

CUMBALLA HILL TO FORT.—Via Gowalia Tank Road, Nana's Chowk over Frere (Grant Road) Bridge, Lamington Road and New Queen's Road.

FORT TO WALKESHWAR.—Via New Queen's Road, French Bridge, French Road, Hughes Road, Babulnath Road and Walkeshwar Road.

FORT TO CUMBALLA HILL.—Via New Queen's Road, Girgaum Road over Kennedy Bridge, Nana's Chowk and Gowalia Tank Road.

CHAUPATI FOOT OVERBRIDGE will be open to pedestrian traffic towards the sea-face UP TO 6-30 P.M. and all persons returning from the sea-face before this time will proceed via Sandhurst Bridge; FROM 6-30 P.M. this bridge will be open only to persons returning from the sea-face. All persons wishing to go to the sea-face after 6-30 p.m. will proceed via Mathew Road and Sandhurst Bridge.

PARKING PROHIBITED.—Parking of vehicles along Girgaum Road (Kennedy Bridge) North of Sandhurst Road and along New Queen's Road is prohibited. This order is made under the provisions of Section 23(4) of the Bombay City Police Act, IV of 1902.

H. E. BUTLER,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office:
Bombay, 30th August, 1943
(5967)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Assistant Editor (Botany). Salary in the grade of Rs. 350-25-550-30-700, but a higher initial pay may be given to a candidate of exceptional merit. The post is temporary and is for the first instance till the 28th February, 1944. Candidates must be familiar with taxonomy and should have specialised in Economic botany. Applications with details of candidate's qualifications and previous work should be forwarded to the undersigned so as to reach him by the 1st October, 1943.

J. N. SEN-GUPTA, M.B.E.,
Secretary, Council of Scientific & Industrial Research.
University Buildings Delhi.
6052

NOTICE

THE EASTERN BANK LTD.,
(Incorporated in England, the liability of Members being limited.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from 21st September to 2nd October 1943, both days inclusive.
6062

PUBLIC NOTICES

WANTED

The services of a number of INDIAN LADIES are required for a house to house enquiry and selling scheme to be undertaken from October, in Bombay. Generous daily rates of pay and bhatta.

Apply in writing to Box No. 6033 "Bombay Chronicle".

3%
BOMBAY GOVERNMENT
LOAN
1956

ISSUE PRICE RS. 100 PER CENT.

OPENS AT 10 A.M. (Standard Time)

On 14th September, 1943

For ONE DAY ONLY

Subscriptions will be received only in the form of cash or cheque.

The Loan will be closed as soon as a total of approximately Rs. 3½ crores has been subscribed, and in any case not later than the close of business on the 14th September, 1943.

Applications will be received at the Offices of the Reserve Bank of India, at Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi and Madras and at the Branches of the Imperial Bank of India in the Province of Bombay.

Full particulars can be obtained at any of the Offices or branches mentioned above or at any Treasury or Sub-Treasury in the Province of Bombay.

(5981)

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY
TENDER FOR ANSWER-BOOKS

SEALED TENDERS are invited for preparing and supplying at Bombay and the mofussil centres Answer-Books as detailed below for the University Examinations in 1944 from the paper (27"x34") purchased by the University:

(a)...5,50,000 (five lacs & fifty thousand) Answer-Books (with a front page of instructions).
(b).....50,000 (fifty thousand) Answer-Books (with a front page with perforation).
(c)...2,00,000 (two lacs) Graph supplements.

Samples of the Answer-Books and graph supplements and detailed instructions for the delivery of the Books at Bombay and mofussil centres will be supplied on application.

The Answer-Books and the graph supplements must be delivered in bundles of 200 each, in wrappers of thick durable paper which shall be subject to the approval of the undersigned. The charges for the wrappers, if any, should be included in the quotation for Answer-Books.

Quotations should be forwarded to the Registrar, University of Bombay, Esplanade Road, Bombay, IN SEALED COVERS superscribed "Tenders for Answer-Books" so as to reach him not later than the 30th September, 1943. Quotations SHOULD BE GIVEN PER 1,000 ANSWER-BOOKS and 1,000 GRAPH SUPPLEMENTS. Further information can be had from the undersigned. The University does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,
S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 13th September, 1943.
6077

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

GENTLEMEN of the Special Jury summoned for the Criminal Sessions which commences on Monday the 13th September 1943 are required to attend at the High Court, on that day at 11-15 A. M. (S.T.).

Gentlemen of the Common Jury summoned for the said Sessions are required to attend at the High Court (1st floor, room No. 37) on Tuesday, the 14th September, 1943 at 10-45 A. M. (S.T.).

Bombay, 11th September, 1943.
J. N. DUGGAN
Sheriff of Bombay.
6074

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER of Stores invites tenders for reconditioning of mixed scrap consisting of Aluminium, Lead & Iron. Form obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2|- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or cash only. Closing date 30-9-43 at 3 P.M. (S. T.)
(5970)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS for examinership are invited on or before the 15th of October, 1943, for all examinations to be held in 1944 by the S. N. D THACKERSEY INDIAN WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY (1, Carnegy Road, Queen's Road, Fort, Bombay No. 1).
6008 REGISTRAR.

THE BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CO-OPERATIVE BANK, LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Bank will be held at the Registered Office of the Bank in 9, Bake House Lane, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 25th September, 1943 at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Report of the Directors and the Audited Statement of Accounts of the Bank for the year ending 30th June, 1943.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To elect Directors.
4. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.
5. To consider, and if thought fit, to adopt the following amendments to the bye-laws;
   (i) Add at the end of bye-law No. 2.
   Note—"The provision of clause 2 (d) will not affect the branches already opened by the Bank in other areas."
   (ii) Add as new clause (r) under bye-law No. 72.
   "To make rules for the formation, the appointment, the dissolution and the conduct of the affairs of Branch Committees which now have been or which may hereafter be appointed by the Board and to approve, to alter or to abrogate rules framed by them."

By Order of the board,
VAIKUNTH L. MEHTA,
Managing Director.
Bombay, 28th August, 1943.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from 27th September to 9th October, 1943, both days inclusive.
6078

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

THE FRUSTRATED CARGO COMMITTEE British Section C|o. Bombay Chamber of Commerce have for sale some consignments of Photo Mounts, Ties, Chemicals, Silverplated Brassware, Watchbands, Buckles and Chinese specialities. Firms interested may see samples and obtain particulars on application to the Secretary between 3 and 5 P. M. on any working day except Saturdays. All offers must reach the Secretary on or before the 20th September.
6066

THE TATA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the certificates for two Ordinary Shares Nos. 187232 and 187233 of the Tata Iron and Steel Company, Ltd. standing in the name of Mr. Eruch Pherozeshah Bharucha have been lost or mislaid and the undersigned has applied to the Company to issue duplicate certificates for the said shares. Any person who has a claim in respect of the said shares should lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Office, Bombay House, 24 Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date, else the Company will proceed to issue duplicate share certificates.
Date, 13|9|43.
ERUCH PHEROZESHAH BHARUCHA
6075

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDER

THE CHIEF MECHANICAL ENGINEER, Parel, will receive up to 1-00 P. M. (S. T.) on 25-10-1943 tenders for painting and whitewashing of shops at Parel and Matunga Works. The prescribed form of tender with conditions, specifications, etc., can be had from the Chief Mechanical Engineer's Office on payment of Rs. 2|- in cash, per copy, which amount will not be refunded.
(6017)

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 446 of 1939.

THE HONGKONG and SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION .....Plffs.
vs.
Messrs. ABDULLABHOY LALLJEE & Co. & Ors. ...Defts.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the immovable properties, situate at Warden Road, Bombay, opposite the Breach Candy Baths and known as "Rukiya Manzil" and "Flowermead" will be sold in 4 lots by the Commissioner High Court, Bombay, on the site of the properties at 4 p.m. (S. T.) on WEDNESDAY, the 15th September, 1943, as advertised in the "Times of India" of the 28th August, 1943, "Bombay Chronicle" of the 30th August, 1943, "Sanj Vartaman" of the 28th August, 1943 and "Janmabhoomi" of the 4th September, 1943.

Dated this 9th day of September, 1943.
(Sd.) ARMAND F. SEQUEIRA,
Commissioner.
6060

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 1122 of 1943.

Messrs. CHAMNAJI TULLOCKCHAND & CO. ... Plaintiffs.
vs
ABDUS SATAR VALI & Others. ..... Defendants.

To
ABDUS SATAR VALI,
1st defendant.
GEORGE VI, etc. .....

The abovenamed Plaintiffs have filed the above suit that it may be declared that there is due and payable by the abovenamed defendant to the plaintiffs sum of Rs. 7,544-11-0 at foot of Mortgage, dated 1st October, 1942, on the immovable property at Bandra belonging to the 1st defendant, interest, costs of suit and interest on Judgment that the said immovable property is validly charged with the repayment to the plaintiffs; that the amount payable by the 1st defendant abovenamed to the 2nd defendant be ascertained and declared that in default of payment by the 1st defendant for sale of the said property, for liberty to apply for personal decree if the net sale proceeds proving insufficient to pay the amount that may be found due to the plaintiffs and the 2nd defendants and for the appointment of a Receiver, injunction and other reliefs.

TAKE NOTICE that the above suit is fixed for hearing and final disposal on the 12th day of October 1943 at 11 A.M. before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee when you are requested to appear in person or by an Advocate (O.S.) instructed by an Attorney and produce all your witnesses and documents relating to the merits of the Plaintiffs' case. In default of your appearance on the date aforesaid the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER, BEAUMONT, Knight Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 10th day of September, 1943

(Sd.) K. K. DASTUR,
for Prothonotary & Senior Master.
Messrs. NANDLAL PATWARI & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
(6063)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE COURT OF THE F. C. SUB-JUDGE, THANA AT THANA
Insolvency Petition No. 48 of 1939

RAGHUNATH KESHAVA KHARKAR Applicant Insolvent
Vs.
ARDESAR MERWANJI & Others .. Opponent Creditors.

To
1. LAXMIDAS TRIBHUVANDAS, Kalbadevi, Bombay
Creditor No. 16
2. VIJAYA STORES, Fancy Mahal, Dadar, Bombay
Creditor No. 23.

TAKE NOTICE that a final dividend is intended to be declared in the above matter and that if you do not establish your claim on or before the 9th October 1943 or such other day as the court may fix, your claim will be expunged and the court will proceed to make final dividend without regard to such claim.

Today the 7th day of September, 1943.

By Order.
(Sd.) D. M. RISWADKAR.
Clerk of the Court,
F. C. Court, Thana.
(Sd.) B. B. WARKE,
Clerk.
(6056)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
I. C. No. 55 of 1943

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913
-and-
In the matter of the THE NEW COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD, (in liquidation).

MEETING OF CREDITORS AND CONTRIBUTORIES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Liquidator will hold a Meeting of the Creditors of the abovenamed Bank in his Office in the High Court Extension Building on Thursday next the 16th instant at 3-30 P.M. to consider whether a Committee of Inspection shall be appointed to act with the Liquidator, and who are to be the members of the Committee, if any, and will also hold a meeting of the Contributories of the abovenamed Bank in his said office on Thursday the 23rd instant at 3-30 P.M. to consider the decision of the Creditors arrived at, at the previous meeting.

B. K. DESAI,
Official Liquidator
High Court, Bombay,
9-9-1943.
(6045)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 1122 of 1943

Messrs. CHAMNAJI TULLOCKCHAND & CO. .. Plaintiffs.
vs
ABDUS SATAR VALI & Ors. ..... Defendants.

To
ABDUS SATAR VALI.
1st defendant.

TAKE NOTICE that this Hon'ble Court will be moved before His Lordship the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee on FRIDAY, the 17th day of September, 1943, at 11 O'clock in the forenoon (S.T.) for an Order that pending the hearing of the above suit some person be appointed receiver to take charge of the immovable property belonging to the 1st defendant abovenamed and to recover rents and profits of the said property under Order XL rule 1 of the C. P.C. and restraining the 1st defendant abovenamed, servants or agents from dealing with or disposing of the property and from recovering rents and profits thereof and for costs and other reliefs.

Dated this 8th day of September, 1943.

Messrs. NANDLAL PATWARI & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys
(6058)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS AT UNCLAIMED GOODS OFFICE, WADI BUNDER, G. I. P. RAILWAY.

Under instructions from G. I. P. Railway and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Indian Railways Act IX of 1890, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 28th September, 1943, at 12-30 noon, (New S. T.), at the above place unclaimed goods including:

Bags of G. N. Seeds, Chillies, Toor, Chuni, Husk, White Powder, Cotton, Tilly, Hirda, Linseed, Turmeric, Betul Nuts, Bundles of Brooms, Papers, Wooden planks, E. W. Cases, L. Cuttings, Cloth, Jagree, Canes, Gum, Oil Cakes, E. I. Casks, Barrels & Drums, Slate pencils, Shoes, Champals, Oodbathi, Asafoetida, Tins of Ghee and Oil, Slates, Elect. goods, Cases of Soap, Tea, H. H. Effects, Cycle parts, Baskets of Bangles, Chimneys, Brasswares, Catachue, and packages of all sorts and kinds of Iron & Steel, etc., etc.

Terms:—Full amount or 50 per cent deposit and balance to be paid and delivery to be taken on or before 7-10-1943.

BENNETT & CO.

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 1864 of 1930

KUMAR RAMCHANDRA ..... Plaintiff
vs.
KHIMJI TEJPAL ..... Defendant
and
Suit No. 1865 of 1930
VASANT RAMCHANDRA ..... Plaintiff
vs.
KHIMJI TEJPAL ..... Defendant
and
Suit No. 1866 of 1930
MADHU RAMCHANDRA ..... Plaintiff
vs.
KHIMJI TEJPAL ..... Defendant

PURSUANT to Order, dated the 23rd February, 1937 and Judge's Order, dated 11th July, 1941, the following immovable properties will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on Monday 4th October, 1943 at 4-30 P. M. (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS

All those pieces of land at Mouje Chikalthan in Chalisgaon Taluka in the East Khandesh District with the wells and trees thereon bearing the following:—

Survey No. Hisa No. 126, 127, 128|2, 129, 134, 153|3, 183, 184, 189, 190, Area, Acre Gunthas, 3-9, 3-9, 0-37, 1-37, 10-36, 2-13, 11-27, 14-17, 18-3, 4-28. Field No. 190, 191, 193, 194, 199, 234, 283, 284, 289, 290.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. PANDIA & CO., Attorneys for the plaintiffs abovenamed at Hamam House, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 27th day of July, 1943.

ARMAND F SEQUEIRA,
Commissioner.
(5992)

AUCTION SALES

GANDHI & CO.
Government Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT BALARAM STREET, GRANT ROAD AND UNDIVIDED HALF SHARE IN THE VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT BROACH

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from The Court Receiver, High Court, Bombay, as the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 50 of 1938 (Esak Esmail Munshi and Ors. V|s. Haji Abdul Rehman and Anr.) in pursuance of the Decretal Order of Reference dated 16th December 1942, sell by Public Auction the Property at Balaram Street, (Lot No. 1) and the undivided half share in the Property at Broach (Lot No. 2) at the undermentioned date, time and place

LOT NO. I

SALE ON FRIDAY, THE 17TH SEPTEMBER 1943, AT 4-30 P.M. (S. T.), ON THE PREMISES

Foras freehold salt batty land with the dwelling house situate at Balaram Street admeasuring 358 square yards or thereabouts and registered under New No. A 13986, New Survey No. A 6985 and Cadastral Survey No. 141 of the Tardeo Division and under D Ward Street Nos. 34, 34A and 34B and bounded on the East by the Balaram Street aforesaid on the West by the property of Pestonji Manekji Markar on the North by the property of Bai Laxmibai Mulgaokar and on the South by the property of Bai Cooverbai Shapoorji Daruwalla.

LOT NO. II.

SALE ON SATURDAY, THE 18TH SEPTEMBER 1943, AT 1 P.M. (S. T.), AT THE COURT RECEIVER'S OFFICE AT HIGH COURT ANNEXE.

ALL that Undivided half share of Ahmed Moosa Miyaji in land at Broach bearing Tika No. 7, Registration No. 21 and Municipal E Ward No. 2791 and City Survey No. 24 and bounded on the East by vacant ground on the West by Road leading to Kherwad on the South by the property of Ismail Mahomed Munshi and on the North by the property of Moosa Ebrahim Sultan.

For further Particulars and Conditions of sale please apply to Messrs Vachha & Co., Attorneys for the Court Receiver, at their Office at Yusuf Building Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

WATERPROOF PAPER
Manufacturers
WATERPROOF CORPORATION LTD.,
CONTRACTOR BUILDING,
Nicol Road, Ballard Estate,
Bombay. 'Phone 32483

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